The Scientific Method Study Guide

THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD

1Identify_the	to be solved
2. Make	about the problem
3. State_the _	
•	Predicating what you think the answer to your questions will be; ends in a
	period.
4. <u>Test</u> your h	ypothesis (experiment)
5. <u>Collect</u>	from the experiment
6. <u>Analyze the</u>	data/results from the experiment
7. Form	and write the answer, if you found one, to the original problem
•	statement you can prove true or false based upon the results of your experiment Ends with a period. H = IV + DV (the + sign is a verb) Example from "Goorge & Sales" -> The sales increases fish growth
•	<u>Example from "George & Salsa"</u> → The salsa increases fish growth.
Independent '	Variable (IV): the variable that is being tested
•	It is changed/manipulated by the scientist (you!) <u>Example from "George & Salsa"</u> salsa
Dependent Va	ariable (DV): the measured response to the independent variable
•	This is how scientists get DATA
•	Example from "George & Salsa" → fish growth
The Experime	nt (testing the hypothesis)
•	: all possible variables of an experiment that are kept the
	constant throughout – they do not change
0	Example from "George & Salsa" → same number and kind of fish, same water,
	same temperature, same plants, same salsa, same amount of time, same fish
	tanks
•	: a setup of the experiment that does NOT get the independent
variabl	
0	<u>Example from "George & Salsa"</u> → setup without the salsa
•	: to increase the statistical significance of the experiment, it is
repeat	ed at least 5 times